## HW2

## October 15, 2025

Durrett: 1.3.3, 1.4.1, 1.6.4, 1.6.8, 1.6.15, 2.1.1, 2.3.4, 2.3.6, 2.3.7,

**Exercise 1** Show that if  $X_n \to X$  and  $Y_n \to Y$  both in probability, then  $X_n \pm Y_n \to X \pm Y$ ,  $X_n \cdot Y_n \to X \cdot Y$  all in probability.

**Exercise 2** Given two r.v.s X and Y, define

$$\rho_1(X,Y) = \inf\{\varepsilon > 0 : \mathsf{P}(|X-Y| > \varepsilon) \le \varepsilon\}, \quad \rho_2(X,Y) = \inf\{\mathsf{P}(|X-Y| > \varepsilon) + \varepsilon : \varepsilon > 0\}.$$

- 1. Show that each of  $\rho_1$ ,  $\rho_2$  defines a metric on the space of r.v.s, i.e.,
  - $\rho_i(X,Y) \geq 0$ , where equality holds if and only if X=Y a.s.
  - $\rho_i(X,Y) + \rho_i(Y,Z) \ge \rho_i(X,Z)$ .
- 2. Show that, for  $i = 1, 2, X_n \to X$  in probability if and only if  $\rho_i(X_n, X) \to 0$ .

**Exercise 3** Let X and Y be two independent r.v.s on  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathsf{P})$ .

- 1. Show that  $h_1(X)$  and  $h_2(Y)$  are independent for all Borel measurable functions  $h_i : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ . Hint: use an appropriatedly chosen definition for independence!
- 2. Let f, g be Borel measurable functions such that  $\mathsf{E}|f(X)| < \infty$ ,  $\mathsf{E}|g(Y)| < \infty$ . Show that

$$\mathsf{E}f(X)g(Y) = \mathsf{E}f(X) \cdot \mathsf{E}g(Y).$$

Hint: start from bounded Borel functions f and g, and then approximate.