HW3

March 5, 2024

Exercise 1 For M > 0, define $A_M = \bigcap_{n \ge 1} \{ \sup_{0 < t \le 1/n} \frac{B_t}{\sqrt{t}} > M \}.$

- 1. Show that $\mathsf{P}(A_M) \ge \mathsf{P}(\mathcal{N}(0,1) \ge M)$.
- 2. Use the zero-one law to deduce that $\mathsf{P}(A_M) = 1$.
- 3. For every M > 0, show that with probability one,

$$\sup_{0 < t \le \frac{1}{n}} \frac{B_t}{\sqrt{t}} > M, \quad \forall n \ge 1.$$

4. Show that with probability one,

$$\sup_{0 < t \le \frac{1}{n}} \frac{B_t}{\sqrt{t}} = +\infty, \quad \forall n \ge 1.$$

Exercise 2 Let $(B_t)_{t \in [0,1]}$ be the Brownian motion and define $X_t = B_t - tB_1$, $t \in [0,1]$. The process $X = (X_t)_{t \in [0,1]}$ is called the "Brownian Bridge".

1. Show that $(X_t)_{t\geq 0}$ is a centered Gaussian process with covariance

$$\mathsf{E}X_t X_s = s(1-t), \quad \forall 0 \le s < t \le 1$$

2. Let $t > s > s_1 > s_2 > \cdots > s_n \ge 0$. Show that

$$\mathsf{E}\Big(X_t - \frac{1-t}{1-s}X_s\Big)X_{s_i} = 0, \quad 1 \le i \le n.$$

Deduce that $X_t - \frac{1-t}{1-s}X_s$ is independent of $(X_{s_1}, \ldots, X_{s_n})$.

- 3. Let t > s. Show that $X_t \frac{1-t}{1-s}X_s$ is independent of \mathcal{F}_s^X .
- 4. Show that $(X_t)_{t \in [0,1]}$ is Markov.