

HW13

May 22, 2024

Exercise 1 (Le Gall, Ex 9.16) Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a monotone increasing function, and assume that f is a difference of convex functions. Let X be a continuous semi-martingale and consider the continuous semi-martingale $Y_t = f(X_t)$.

- Recall that for any continuous semi-martingale Z ,

$$L_t^a(Z) = \lim_{\varepsilon \downarrow 0} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^t \mathbb{1}_{\{a \leq X_s \leq a+\varepsilon\}} d\langle Z \rangle_s, \quad L_t^{a-}(Z) = \lim_{\varepsilon \downarrow 0} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^t \mathbb{1}_{\{a-\varepsilon \leq X_s \leq a\}} d\langle Z \rangle_s.$$

Show that for every $a \in \mathbb{R}$, $L_t^a(Y) = f'_+(a)L_t^a(X)$, $L_t^{a-}(Y) = f'_-(a)L_t^{a-}(X)$.

- Show that if $X = B$ is a Brownian motion, $L_t^a(f(B))$ is continuous if and only if f is continuously differentiable.

Exercise 2 (Le Gall, Ex 9.25) Let $\rho : [0, \infty) \rightarrow [0, \infty)$ be a non-decreasing function such that the improper integral $\int_0^1 \frac{du}{\rho(u)}$ diverges. Consider the SDE

$$dX_t = \sigma(X_t) dB_t + b(X_t) dt$$

where

$$|\sigma(x) - \sigma(y)|^2 \leq \rho(|x - y|), \quad |b(x) - b(y)| \leq |x - y|.$$

- Let Y be a continuous semi-martingale such that for every $t > 0$,

$$\int_0^t \frac{d\langle Y \rangle_s}{\rho(|Y_s|)} < \infty, \text{ a.s.}$$

Prove that $L_t^0(Y) = 0$ for every $t > 0$, a.s.

- Let X, X' be two solutions of the SDE on the same probability space with the same driven Brownian motion. Use Generalized Itô's formula to show that

$$|X_t - X'_t| = |X_0 - X'_0| + \int_0^t (\sigma(X_s) - \sigma(X'_s)) \operatorname{sgn}(X_s - X'_s) dB_s + \int_0^t (b(X_s) - b(X'_s)) \operatorname{sgn}(X_s - X'_s) ds.$$

- Show that pathwise uniqueness holds for the SDE.